IDENTIFICATION OF DARK MATTER CANDIDATES

GIANFRANCO BERTONE

matter StatesSplit Sterile Fuzzy Gravitino Wimpzillas Photino CryptonsSelf-interacting Black MeV Messenger GMS **GMSB**







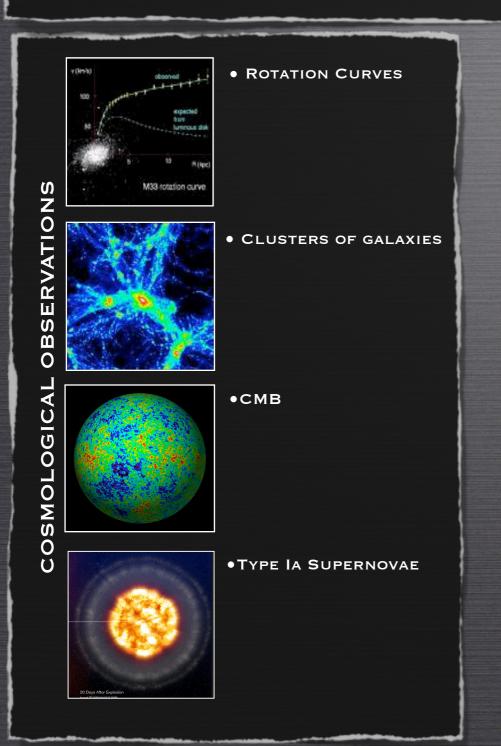


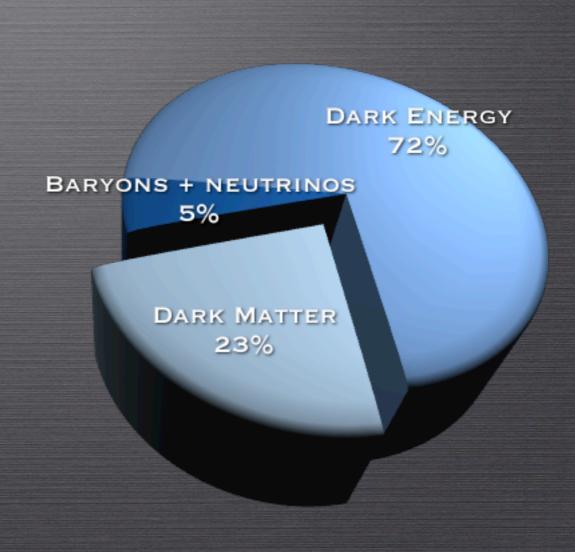
SUMMARY

- Introduction
 - EVIDENCE FOR DM
 - •PROPERTIES OF THE "GOOD DM CANDIDATE"
- DM SEARCHES @ ACCELERATORS
 - •PRINCIPLE & STATUS
 - •WHAT CAN WE LEARN?
- DM DIRECT DETECTION
 - •PRINCIPLE & STATUS
 - •WHAT CAN WE LEARN?
- DM INDIRECT DETECTION
 - STRATEGIES
 - •RECENT DATA AND CONSTRAINTS
- CONCLUSIONS

EVIDENCE FOR DARK MATTER

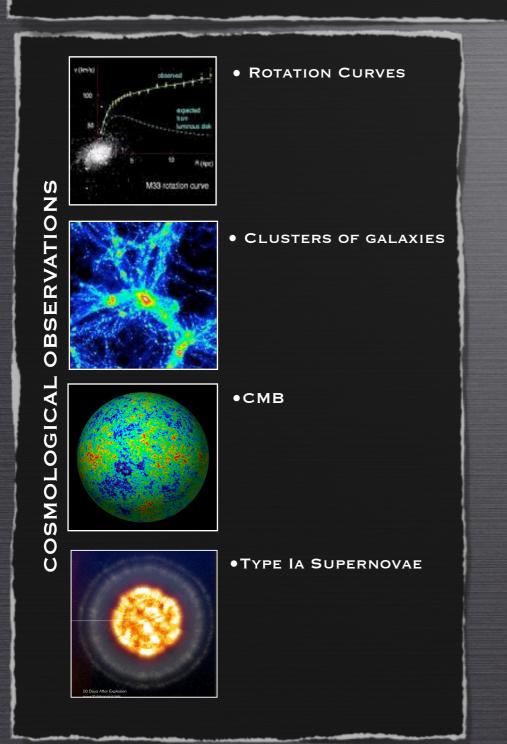
EVIDENCE FOR THE EXISTENCE OF AN UNSEEN, "DARK", COMPONENT IN THE ENERGY DENSITY OF THE UNIVERSE COMES FROM SEVERAL INDEPENDENT OBSERVATIONS AT DIFFERENT LENGTH SCALES

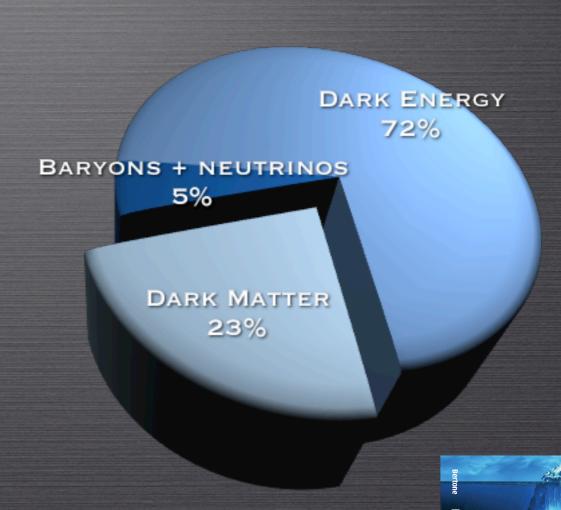




EVIDENCE FOR DARK MATTER

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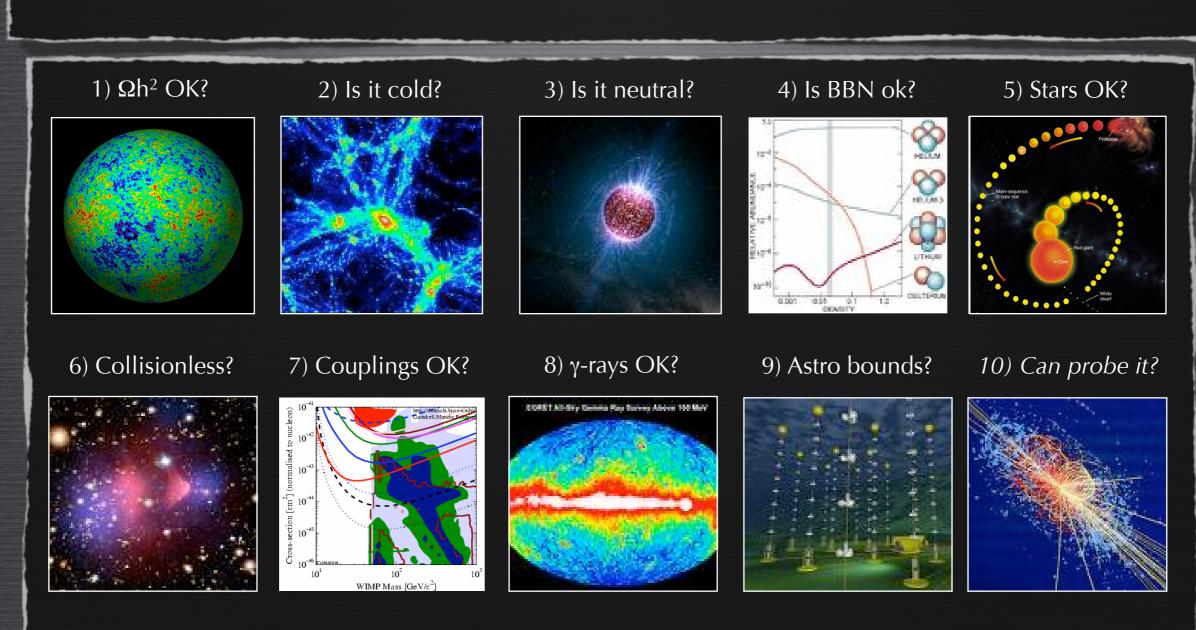




Particle

WHAT DO WE KNOW?

AN EXTRAORDINARILY RICH ZOO OF NON-BARYONIC DARK MATTER CANDIDATES HAS BEEN PROPOSED OVER THE LAST THREE DECADES. IN ORDER TO BE CONSIDERED A VIABLE DM CANDIDATE, A NEW PARTICLE HAS TO PASS THE FOLLOWING 10-POINT TEST



TAOSO, GB & MASIERO 2007

THE DM CANDIDATES ZOO

WIMPs

NATURAL CANDIDATES

(ARISING FROM THEORIES

ADDRESSING THE STABILITY

OF THE ELECTROWEAK SCALE

ETC.)

- NEUTRALINO, LKP
- ALSO: LZP, LTP, ETC.

AD-HOC CANDIDATES
(POSTULATED TO SOLVE THE DM PROBLEM)

- MINIMAL DM
- INERT DOUBLET MODEL
- HEAVY NEUTRINOS

OTHER

• AXIONS

(POSTULATED TO SOLVE THE STRONG CP PROBLEM)

- STERILE NEUTRINOS
- **SUPERWIMPS**

(THAT INHERIT THE
APPROPRIATE RELIC DENSITY
FROM THE DECAY OF THE NTL
PARTICLE OF THE NEW
THEORY)

• WIMPLESS

(WHERE THE APPROPRIATE
RELIC DENSITY IS ACHIEVED
BY A SUITABLE COMBINATION
OF MASSES AND COUPLINGS
OF THE DM PARTICLE)

• ETC. (AXINO, Q-BALLS.....)

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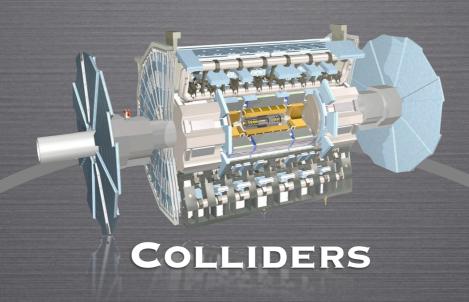
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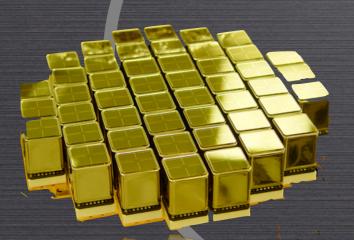
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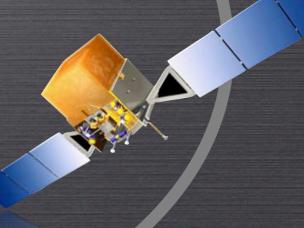
• ETC. (AXINO, Q-BALLS.....)

PARTICLE DARK MATTER: A MULTIDISCIPLINARY APPROACH





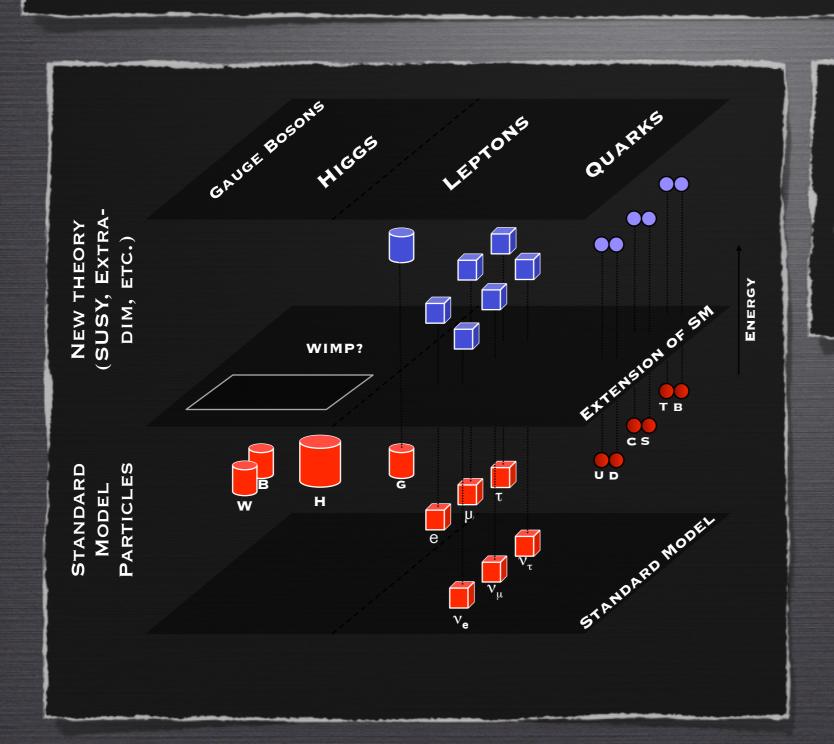
DIRECT DETECTION



INDIRECT DETECTION

BEYOND THE STANDARD MODEL

THE STANDARD MODEL PROVIDES AN ACCURATE DESCRIPTION OF ALL KNOWN PARTICLES AND INTERACTIONS, HOWEVER THERE ARE GOOD REASONS TO BELIEVE THAT THE STANDARD MODEL IS A LOW-ENERGY LIMIT OF A MORE FUNDAMENTAL THEORY

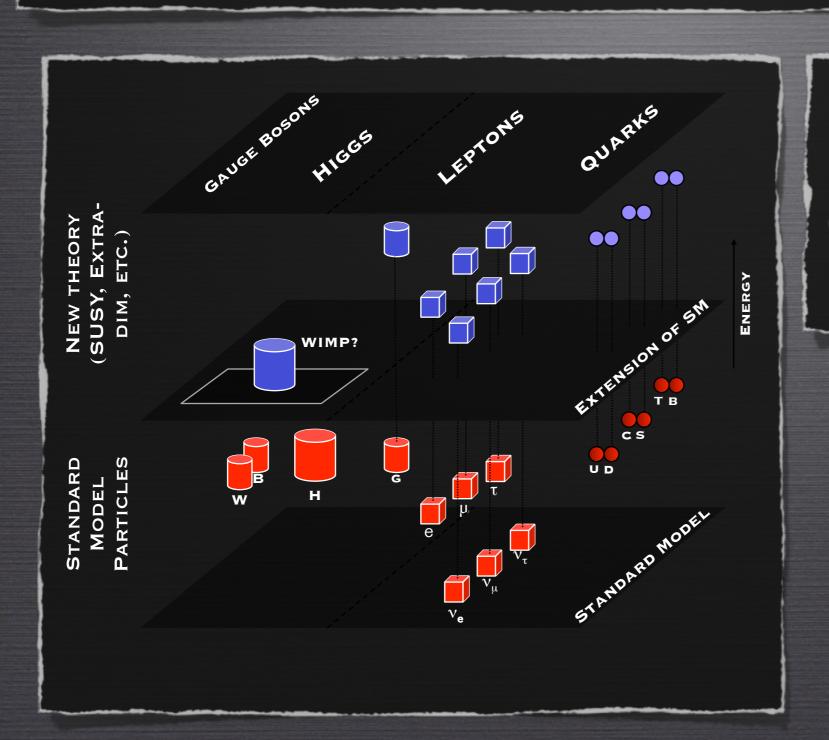


TO EXPLAIN THE ORIGIN OF THE WEAK SCALE, EXTENSIONS OF THE STANDARD MODEL OFTEN POSTULATE THE EXISTENCE OF NEW PHYSICS AT ~100 GeV

ON THE LEFT, SCHEMATIC VIEW OF THE STRUCTURE OF POSSIBLE EXTENSIONS OF THE STANDARD MODEL

BEYOND THE STANDARD MODEL

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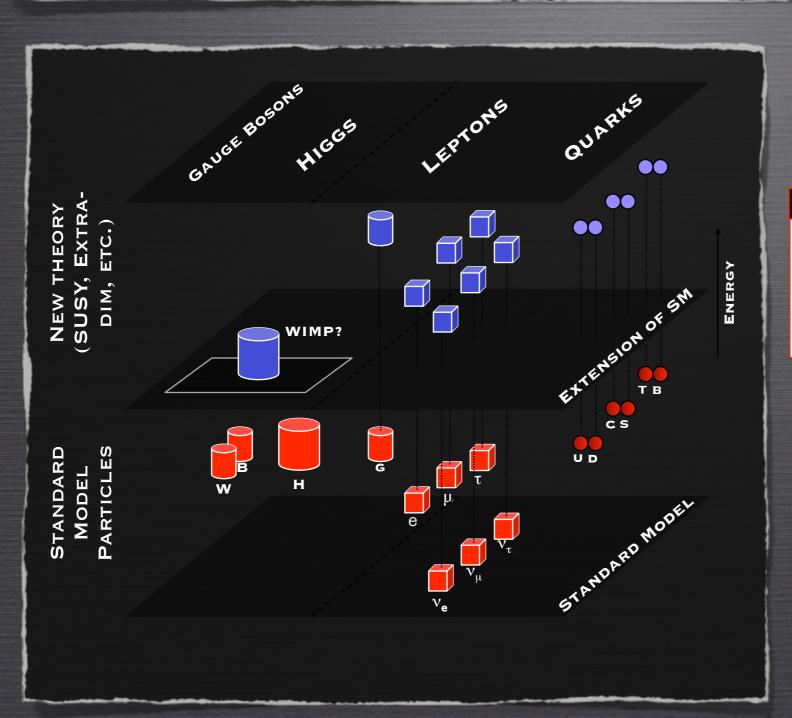


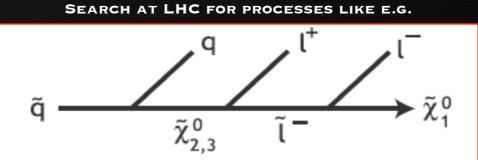
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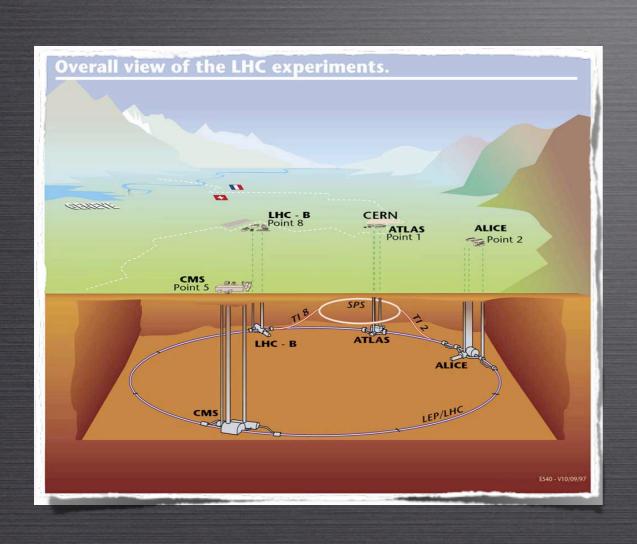
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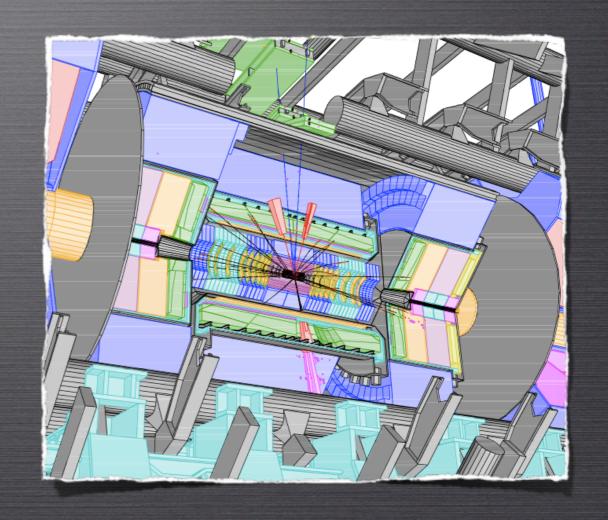
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SEARCHING FOR NEW PHYSICS AT THE LHC





INFERRING THE RELIC DENSITY (THUS THE DM NATURE) OF NEWLY DISCOVERED PARTICLES FROM LHC DATA ... WHAT WE WOULD LIKE:

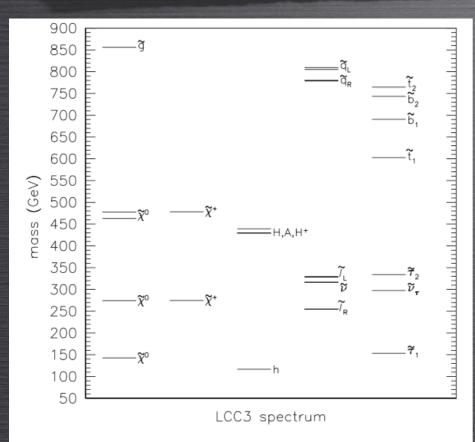
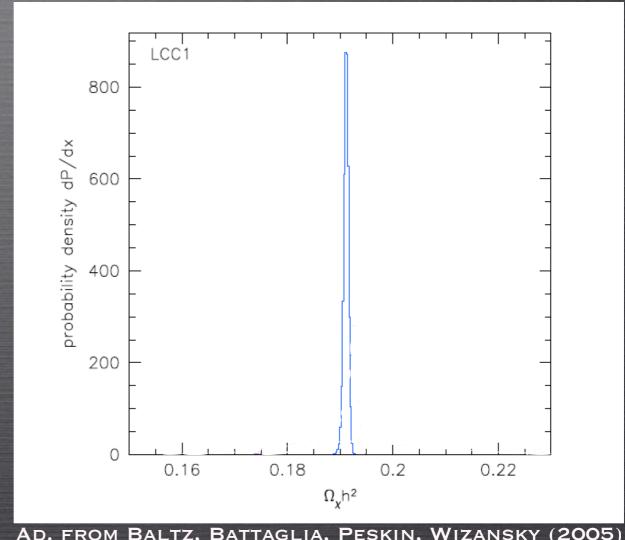


FIG. 34. Particle spectrum for point LCC3. The stau-neutralino mass splitting is 10.8 GeV. The lightest neutralino is predominantly b-ino, the second neutralino and light chargino are predominantly W-ino, and the heavy neutralinos and chargino are predominantly Higgsino.



AD. FROM BALTZ, BATTAGLIA, PESKIN, WIZANSKY (2005)

(EXAMPLE IN THE STAU COANNIHILATION REGION, 24 PARMS PMSSM)

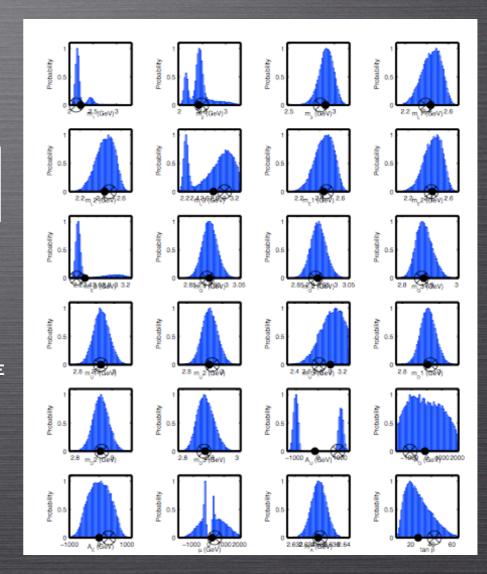
Mass	Benchmark value, μ	LHC error, σ
$m(\widetilde{\chi}_1^0)$	139.3	14.0
$m(\widetilde{\chi}_2^0)$	269.4	41.0
$m(\widetilde{e}_R)$	257.3	50.0
$m(\widetilde{\mu}_R)$	257.2	50.0
m(h)	118.50	0.25
m(A)	432.4	1.5
$m(\tilde{\tau}_1) - m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$) 16.4	2.0
$m(\widetilde{u}_R)$	859.4	78.0
$m(\widetilde{d}_R)$	882.5	78.0
$m(\widetilde{s}_R)$	882.5	78.0
$m(\widetilde{c}_R)$	859.4	78.0
$m(\widetilde{u}_L)$	876.6	121.0
$m(\widetilde{d}_L)$	884.6	121.0
$m(\widetilde{s}_L)$	884.6	121.0
$m(\widetilde{c}_L)$	876.6	121.0
$m(\widetilde{b}_1)$	745.1	35.0
$m(\widetilde{b}_2)$	800.7	74.0
$m(\widetilde{t}_1)$	624.9	315.0
$m(\widetilde{g})$	894.6	171.0
$m(\widetilde{e}_L)$	328.9	50.0
$m(\widetilde{\mu}_L)$	228.8	50.0

TABLE I: Sparticle spectrum (in GeV) for our benchmark SUSY point and relative estimated measurements errors at the LHC (standard deviation σ).

$$p(\mathbf{x}|\mathbf{d}) = \frac{p(\mathbf{d}|\mathbf{x})p(\mathbf{x})}{p(\mathbf{d})},$$

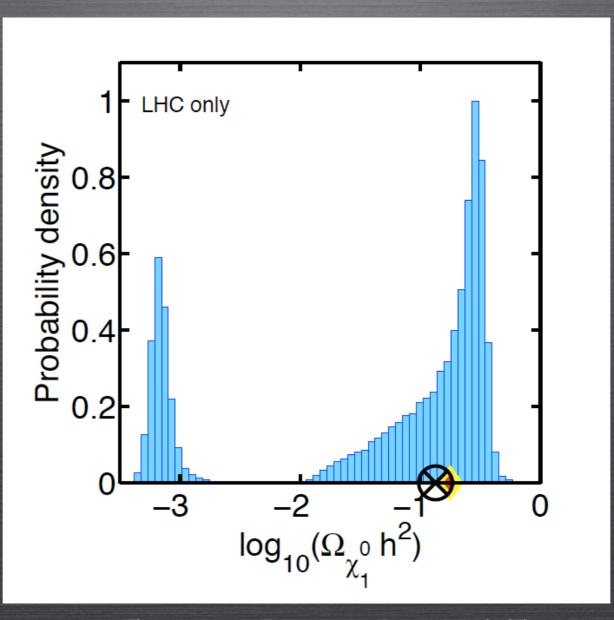


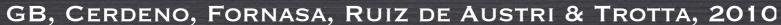
MCMC AS IMPLEMENTED IN THE SUPERBAYES CODE



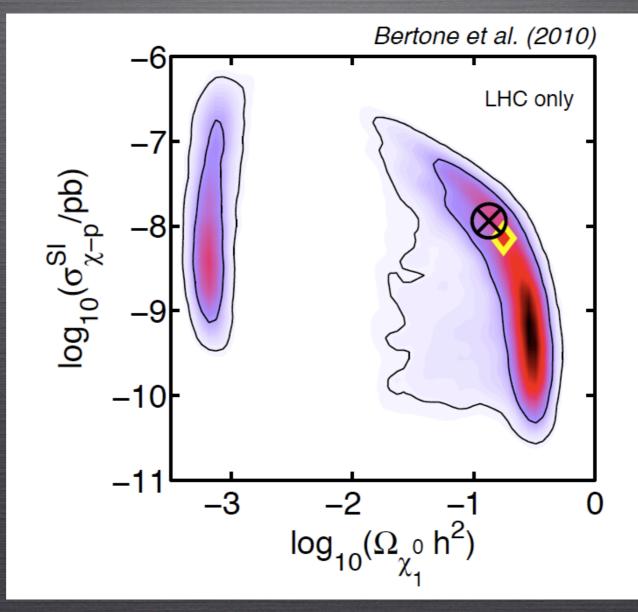
BENCHMARK IN THE CO-ANIHILATION REGION (SIMILAR TO LCC3 IN BALTZ ET AL.). ERRORS CORRESPOND TO 300 FB-1. ERROR ON MASS DIFFERENCE WITH THE STAU ~10% FOR THIS MODEL CAN BE ACHIEVED WITH 10 FB-1

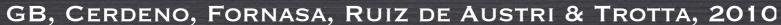
WHAT WE WILL MOST PROBABLY GET (EXAMPLE IN THE STAU COANNIHILATION REGION, 24 PARMS MSSM)



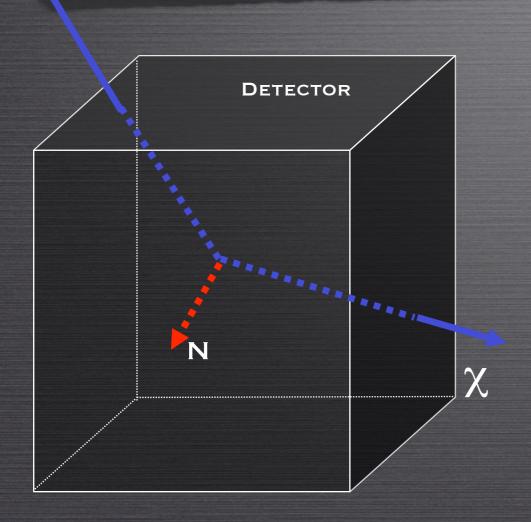


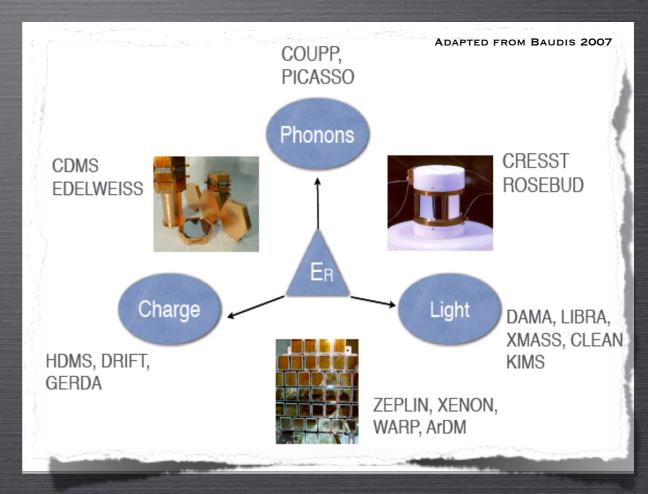
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PRINCIPLE AND DETECTION TECHNIQUES

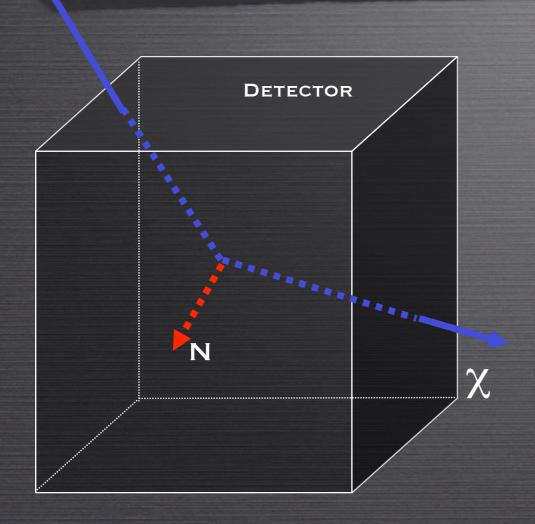


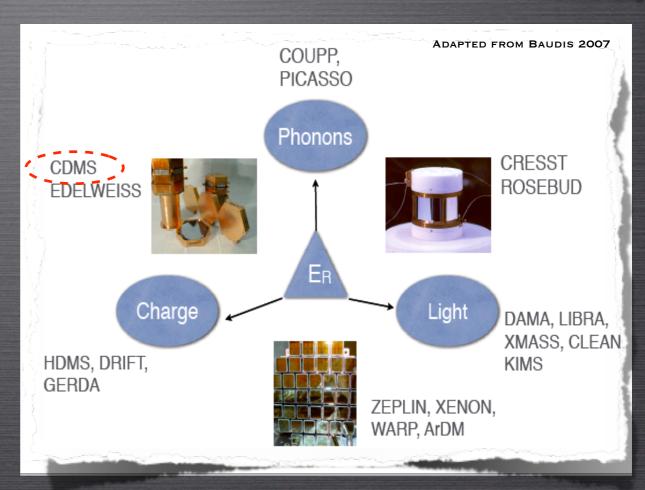


DM SCATTERS OFF NUCLEI IN THE DETECTOR

DETECTION OF RECOIL ENERGY VIA IONIZATION (CHARGES), SCINTILLATION (LIGHT) AND HEAT (PHONONS)

PRINCIPLE AND DETECTION TECHNIQUES



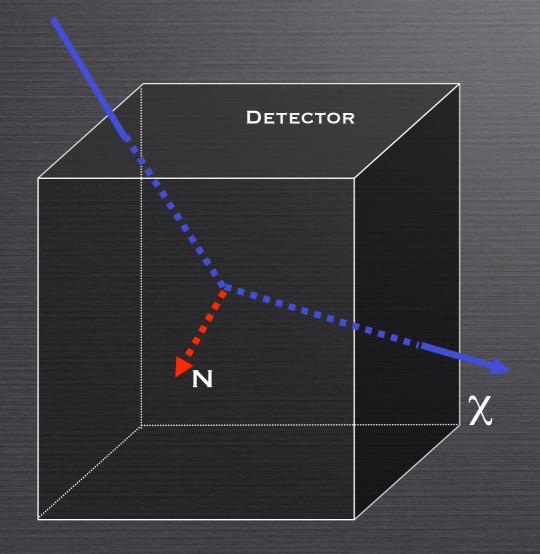


DM SCATTERS OFF NUCLEI IN THE DETECTOR

DETECTION OF RECOIL ENERGY VIA IONIZATION (CHARGES), SCINTILLATION (LIGHT) AND HEAT (PHONONS)

BASICS

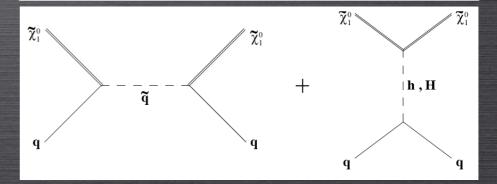
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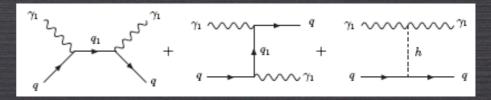
DIFFERENTIAL EVENT RATE

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}R}{\mathrm{d}E}(E) = \frac{\sigma_\mathrm{p}\rho_\chi}{2\mu_\mathrm{p\chi}^2 m_\chi} A^2 F^2(E) \langle \int_{v_\mathrm{min}}^\infty \frac{f^\mathrm{E}(v,t)}{v} \mathrm{d}v \rangle$$

SUSY: SQUARKS AND HIGGS EXCHANGE

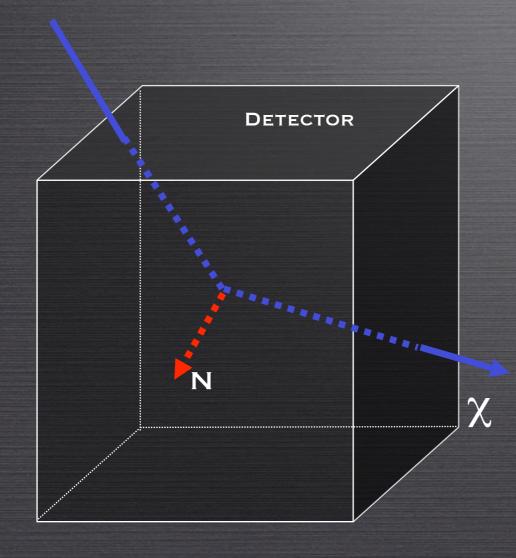


UED: 1ST LEVEL QUARKS AND HIGGS EXCHANGE



BASICS

DM SCATTERS OFF NUCLEI
IN THE DETECTOR



DIFFERENTIAL EVENT RATE

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}R}{\mathrm{d}E}(E) = \frac{\sigma_\mathrm{p}\rho_\chi}{2\mu_\mathrm{p\chi}^2 m_\chi} A^2 F^2(E) \langle \int_{v_\mathrm{min}}^\infty \frac{f^\mathrm{E}(v,t)}{v} \mathrm{d}v \rangle$$

THEORETICAL UNCERTAINTIES

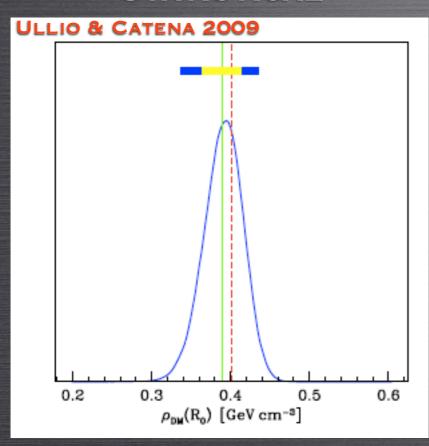
ELLIS, OLIVE & SAVAGE 2008; BOTTINO ET AL. 2000; ETC.

UNCERTAINTIES ON F(V)

LING ET AL. 2009; WIDROW ET AL. 2000; HELMI ET AL 2002

UNCERTAINTIES ON THE LOCAL DENSITY

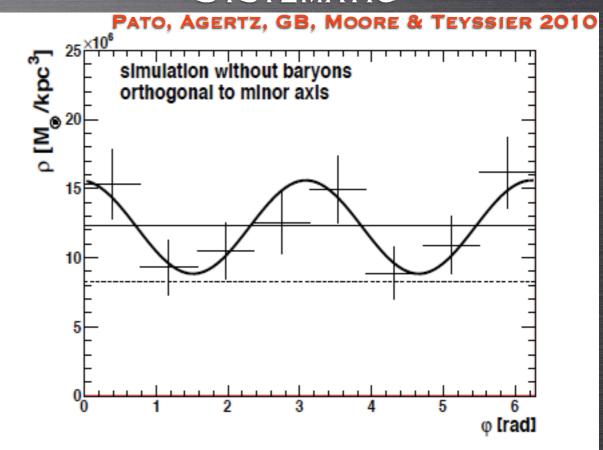
"STATISTICAL"



 $\rho_{DM}(R_0) = 0.389 \pm 0.025 \,\mathrm{GeV}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-3}$

FROM DYNAMICAL OBSERVABLES (SEE ALSO STRIGARI & TROTTA 2009)

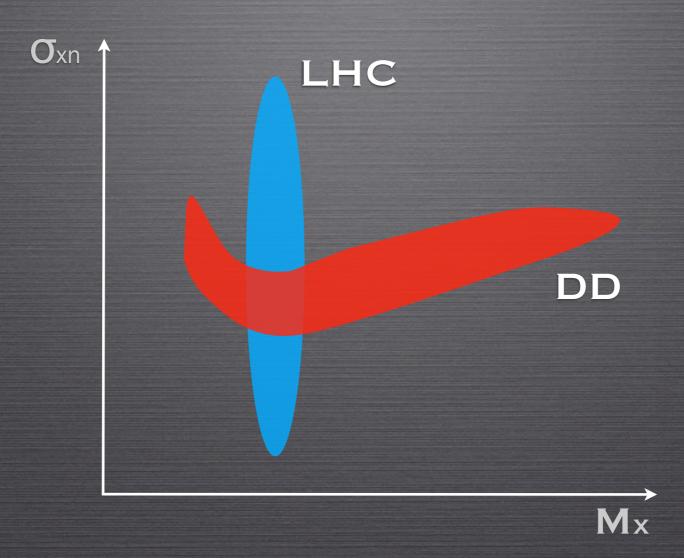
"SYSTEMATIC"

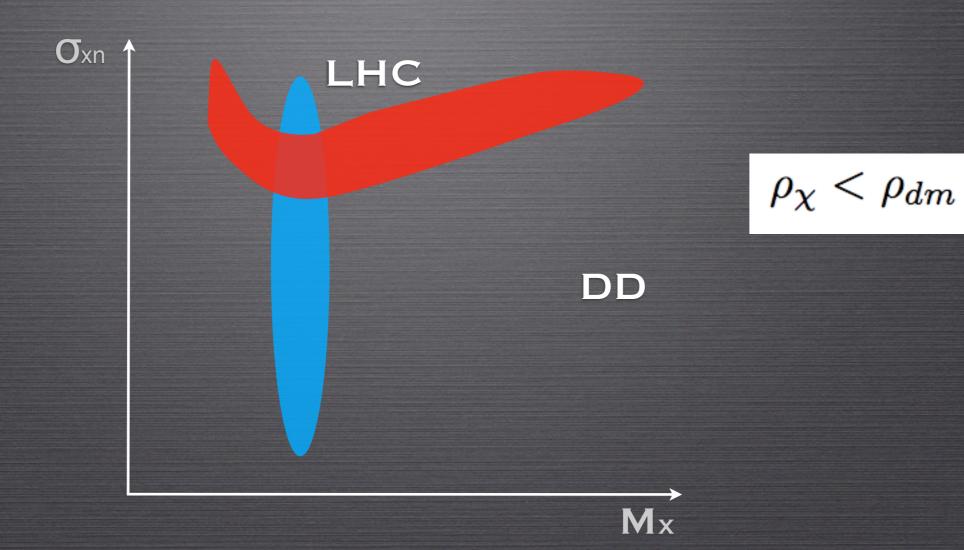


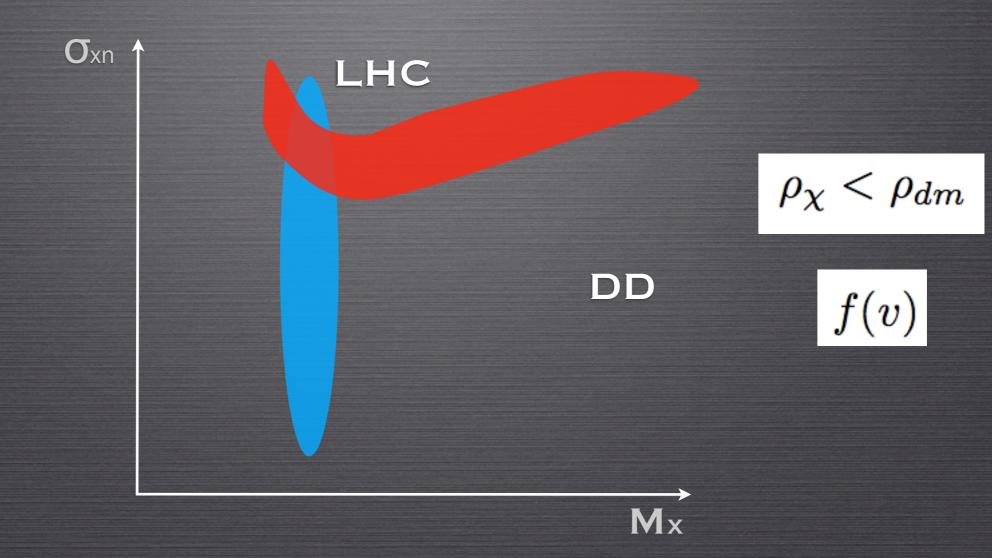
$$ho_0/ar
ho_0=1.01-1.41$$
 W/ Baryons

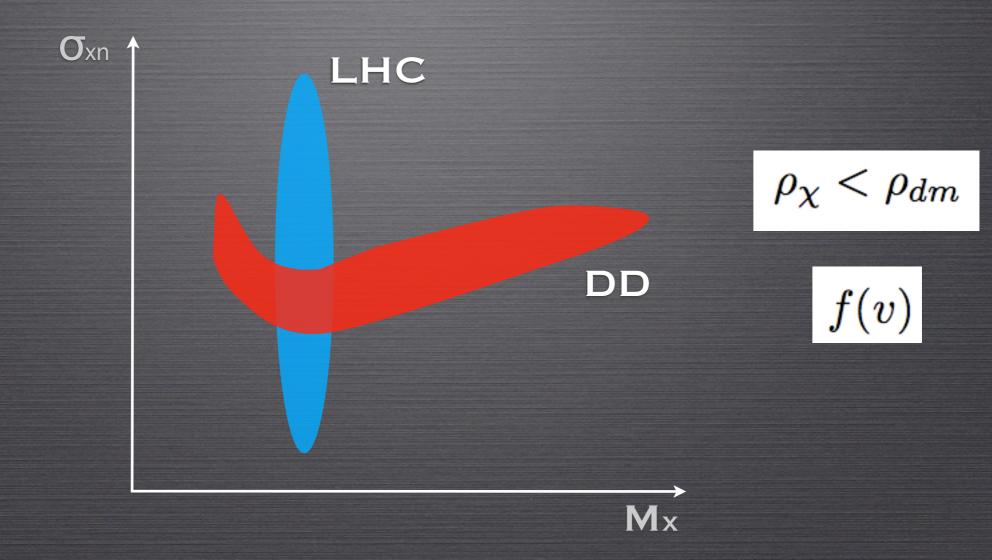
$$ho_0/ar{
ho}_0 = 0.39 - 1.94$$
 dm only

 $\rho_0 = 0.466 \pm 0.033 \text{(stat)} \pm 0.077 \text{(syst)} \text{ GeV cm}^{-3}$







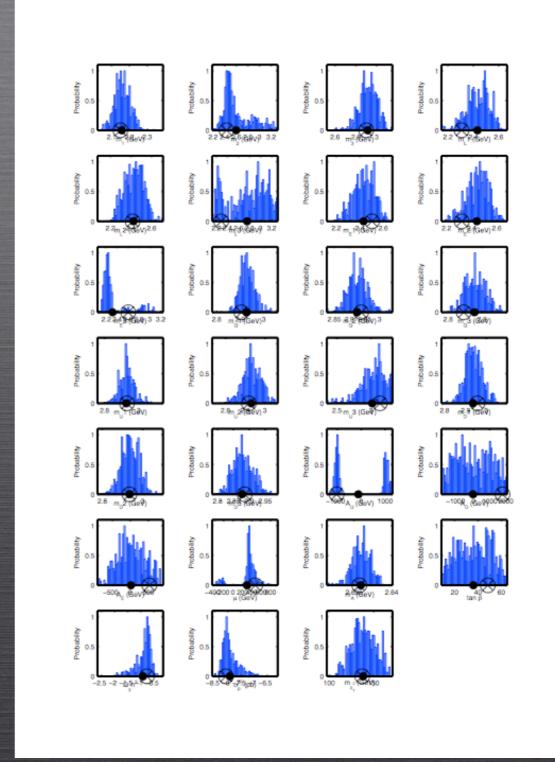


TO COMBINE LHC AND DD:

• SPECIFY DM EXPERIMENT

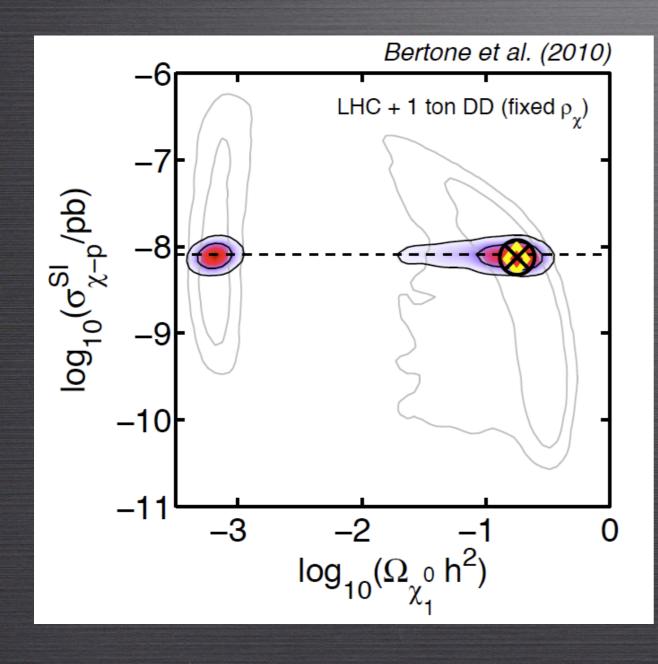
Target	A	ϵ	$E_{ m th}$	$E_{\rm max}$	$ ho_{\chi}$	λ
Ge	73	300 ton day	10 keV	100 keV	$0.385~\mathrm{GeV}~\mathrm{cm}^{-3}$	638

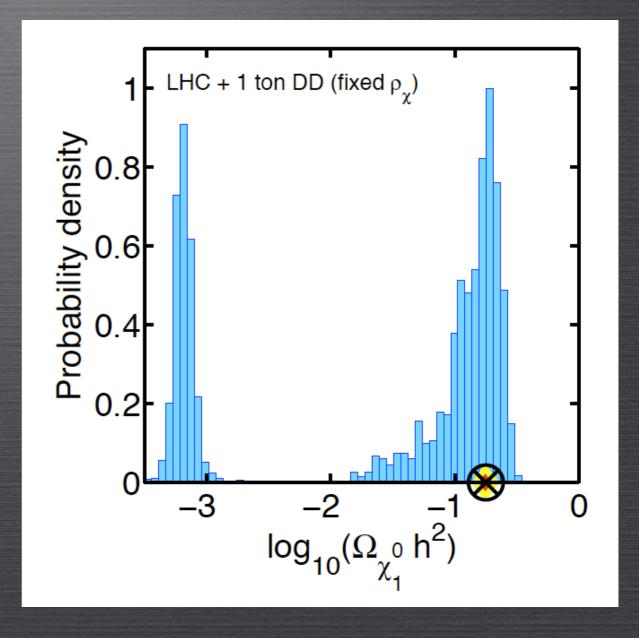
- ADD NEW LIKELIHOOD BUILT ON THE NUMBER OF EVENTS
- RE-RUN THE CHAINS
- (NOTE THAT FIXING THE NUMBER OF EVENTS = FIXING THE PRODUCT OF CROSS SECTION TIMES LOCAL DENSITY)



1st possibility: "Consistency check"

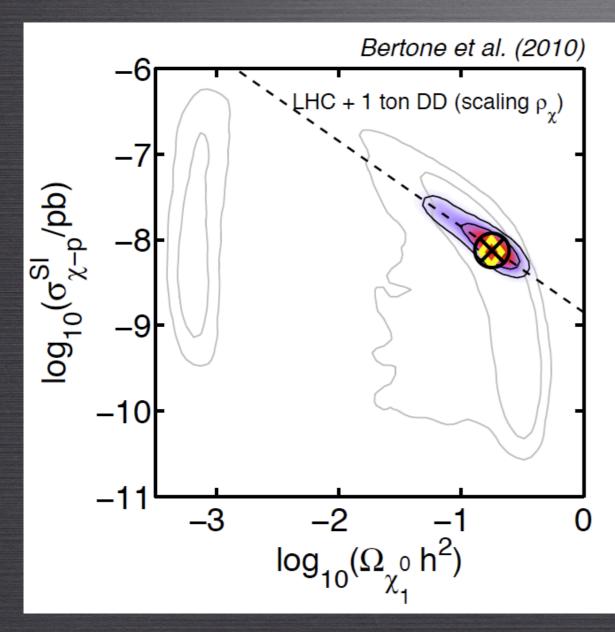
$$\rho_{\chi} = \rho_{\rm DM}$$

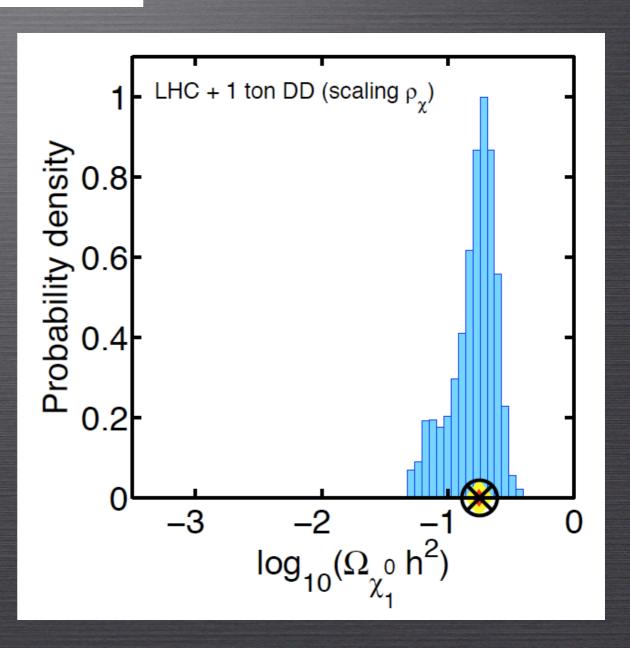




2ND (MORE PHYSICAL) POSSIBILITY: "SCALING" ANSATZ

$$\frac{\rho_{\chi}}{\rho_{dm}} = \frac{\Omega_{\chi}}{\Omega_{dm}}$$





$$\sigma_{\chi-p}^{\scriptscriptstyle{\mathrm{SI}}} \propto \Omega_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}^{-1}$$



GAMMA-RAY TELESCOPES

- •GROUND BASED (CANGAROO, HESS, MAGIC, MILAGRO, VERITAS)
- SPACE SATELLITE FERMI
- PLANS FOR A FUTURE CHERENKOV TELESCOPE ARRAY

NEUTRINO TELESCOPES

- AMANDA, ICECUBE
- ANTARES, NEMO, NESTOR
- Км3

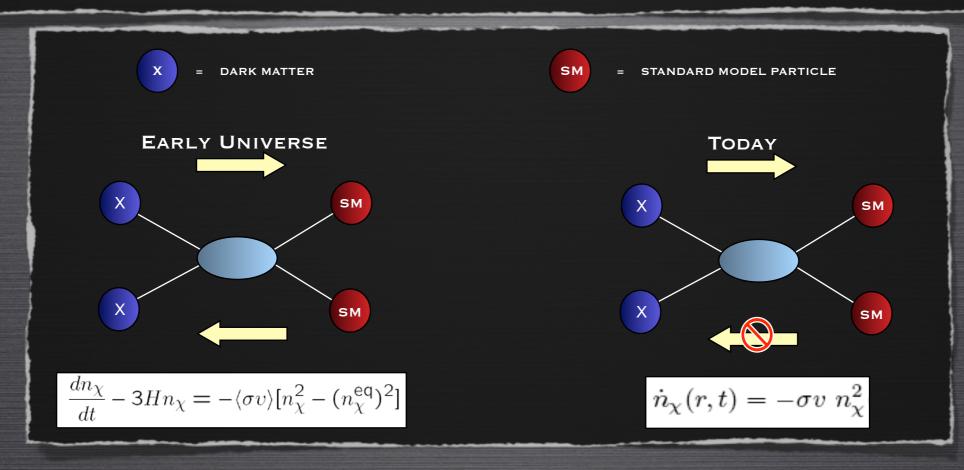
ANTI-MATTER SATELLITES

- PAMELA
- ATIC, PPB-BETS
- AMS-02

OTHER

- •SYNCHROTRON EMISSION
- •SZ EFFECT
- EFFECT ON STARS

WHY "ANNIHILATIONS"?



ROUGH ESTIMATE OF THE RELIC DENSITY:

$$\Omega_X h^2 \approx \frac{3 \times 10^{-27} \text{cm}^3 \text{s}^{-1}}{\langle \sigma v \rangle}$$

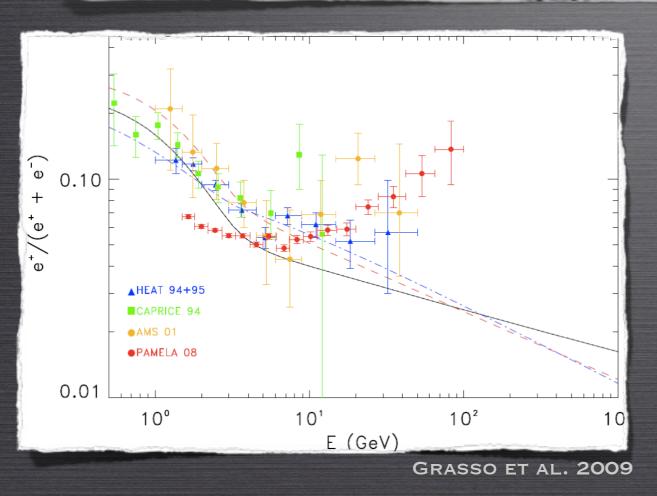
ELECTROWEAK-SCALE CROSS SECTIONS CAN REPRODUCE CORRECT RELIC DENSITY. LSP IN SUSY SCENARIOS KK DM IN UED SCENARIOS ARE OK!! FLUX OF SECONDARY PARTICLES FROM DM ANN.

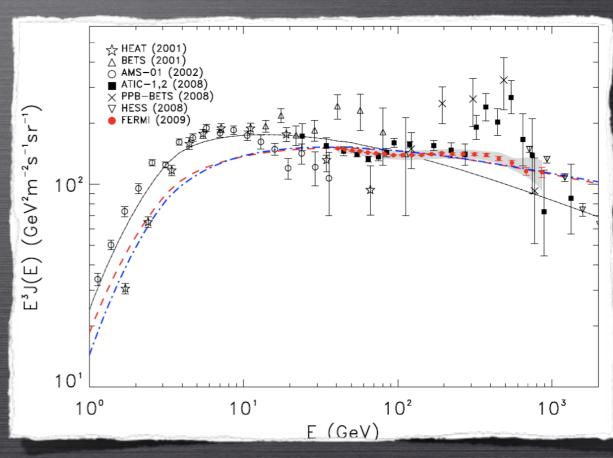
$$\Phi(\Delta\Omega, E) = \Delta\Omega \frac{dN}{dE} \frac{\langle \sigma v \rangle}{4\pi m^2} \overline{J}_{\Delta\Omega}$$

PARTICLE PHYSICS INPUT FROM EXTENSIONS OF THE STANDARD MODEL. NEED TO SPECIFY DISTRIBUTION OF DM ALONG THE LINE OF SIGHT

Cosmic e⁺e⁻

PAMELA, HESS, FERMI, ATIC, PPB-BETS, HEAT,
AMS, CAPRICE...

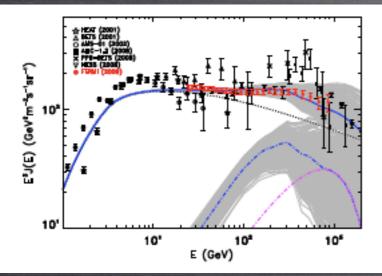




GRASSO ET AL. 2009

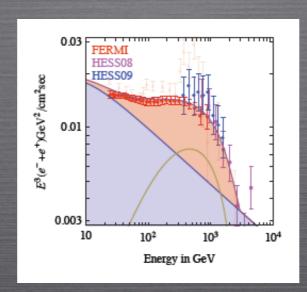
INTERPRETATION

PULSARS



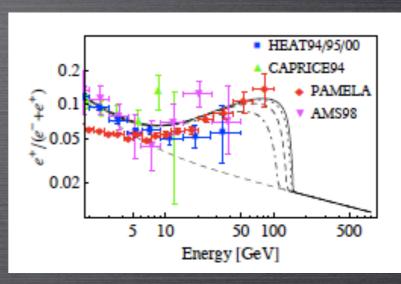
GRASSO ET AL. 2009

DM ANNIHILATION



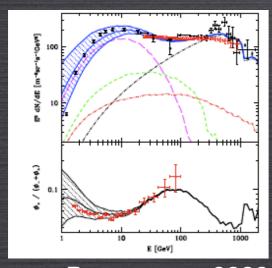
STRUMIA ET AL. 2009

DM DECAY



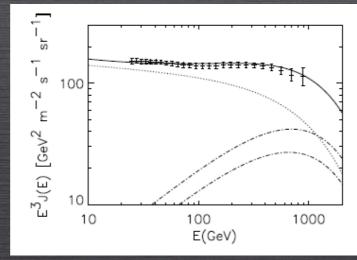
IBARRA ET AL. 2009

SNRs INHOM.



PIRAN ET AL. 2009

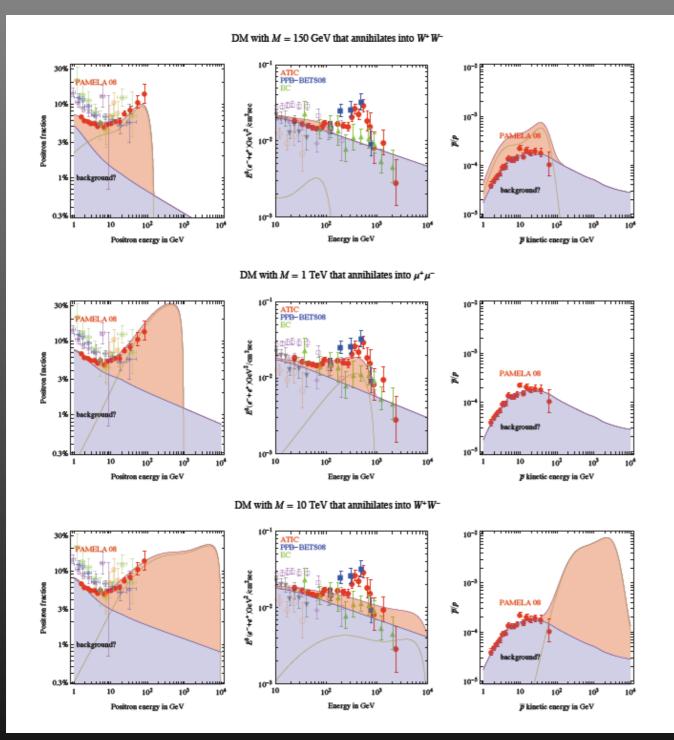
SNRs 2NDARY CR ACC.



BLASI 2009

... + MANY MANY OTHER MODELS .

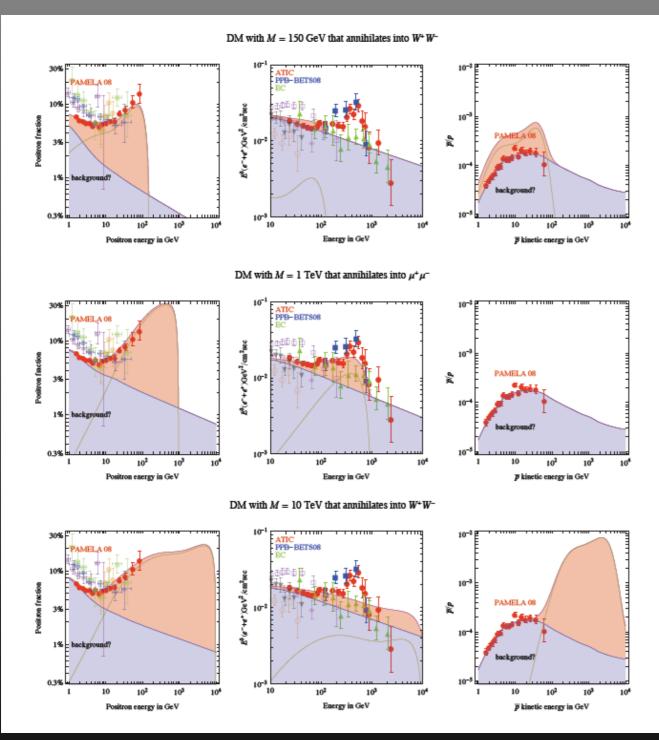
PAMELA / ATIC WHAT DO WE LEARN?



... some DM candidates, with peculiar particle physics and astrophysical parameters, can fit the PAMELA and/or ATIC excesses...

CIRELLI, KADASTIK, RAIDAL, STRUMIA 2008

PAMELA / ATIC WHAT DO WE LEARN?

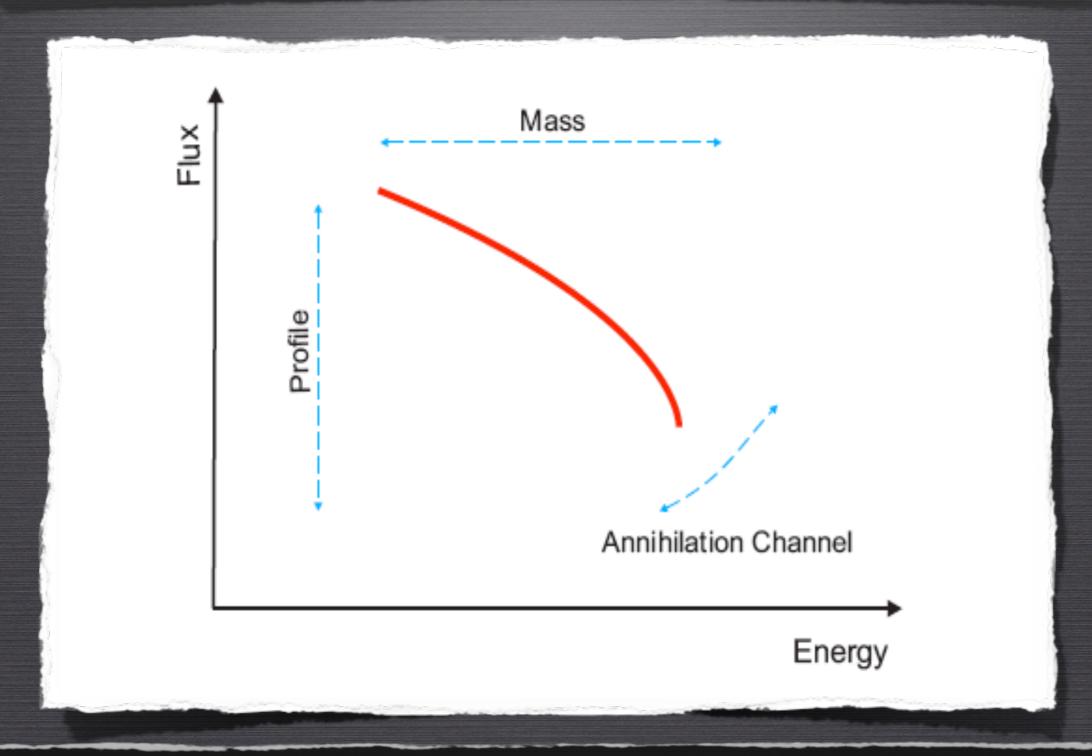


... some DM candidates, with peculiar particle physics and astrophysical parameters, can fit the PAMELA and/or ATIC excesses...

So what ??

CIRELLI, KADASTIK, RAIDAL, STRUMIA 2008

THE TROUBLE WITH INDIRECT SEARCHES

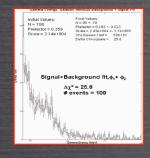


...WHICH MEANS THAT THE "INVERSE PROBLEM" ALWAYS ADMITS A SOLUTION, EVEN WHEN THE DATA HAVE NOTHING TO DO WITH DM!

THE QUEST FOR THE SMOKING-GUN OR "HOW TO CONVINCE A PARTICLE PHYSICIST?"

CLAIMS OF DISCOVERY HAVE BEEN MADE OVER THE YEARS (EGRET SOURCE, HEAT EXCESS, INTEGRAL 511 KEV LINE, WMAP HAZE). THE FOOTPRINT OF DM COULD BE ANYWHERE, BUT HOW DO WE GO FROM "HINTS" TO "DISCOVERY"?

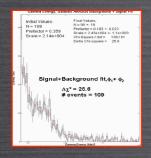
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1) ANNIHILATION LINES (OR OTHER UNMISTAKABLE SPECTRAL FEATURES)

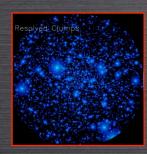
NEUTRALINOS (E.G. BERGSTROM AND ULLIO 1997)
KK DARK MATTER IN UED (BRINGMANN ET AL. 2005)
INERT HIGGS DM (GUSTAFSSON ET AL. 2007)
GRAVITINOS IN SUSY WITH R-PARITY VIOLATION (GB, BUCHMUELLER, COVI & IBARRA 2008)
WIMP FOREST! GB, JACKSON, TAIT & VALLINOTTO 2009

CLAIMS OF DISCOVERY HAVE BEEN MADE OVER THE YEARS (EGRET SOURCE, HEAT EXCESS, INTEGRAL 511 KEV LINE, WMAP HAZE). THE FOOTPRINT OF DM COULD BE ANYWHERE, BUT HOW DO WE GO FROM "HINTS" TO "DISCOVERY"?



1) ANNIHILATION LINES (OR OTHER UNMISTAKABLE SPECTRAL FEATURES)

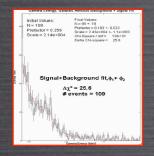
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2) MULTIPLE SOURCES WITH IDENTICAL SPECTRA

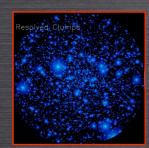
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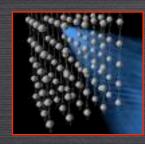
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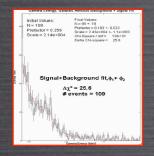
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3) HIGH-ENERGY NEUTRINOS FROM THE SUN

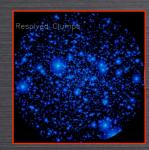
ICECUBE, ANTARES, KM3
FLUXES PROPORTIONAL TO SCATTERING NOT ANNIHILATION CROSS SECTION

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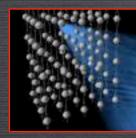
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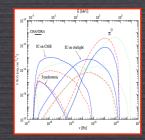
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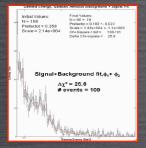
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4) MULTI-WAVELENGTH / MULTI-MESSENGER APPROACH

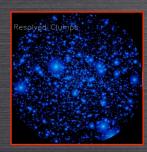
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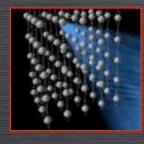
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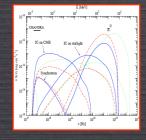
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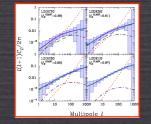
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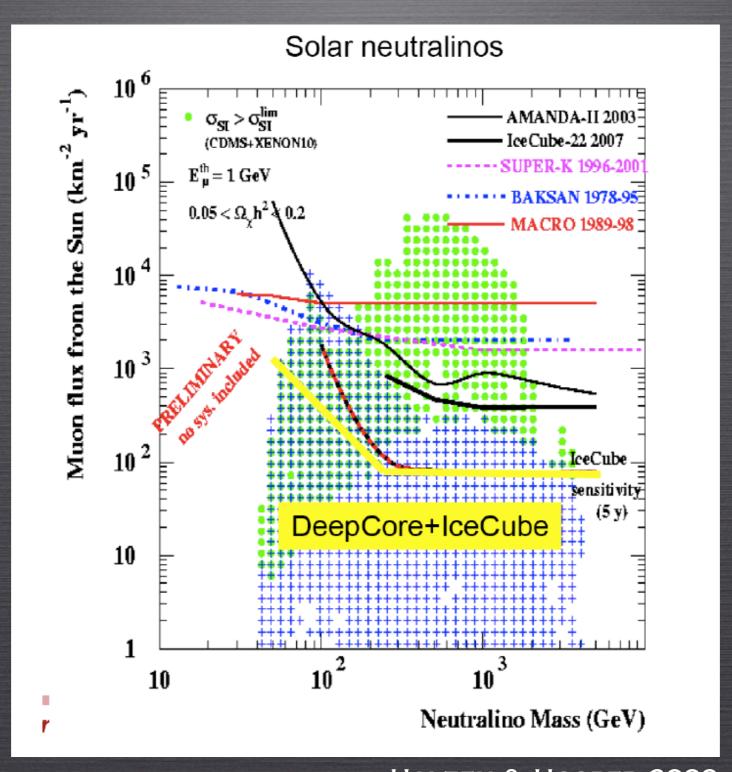
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5) ANGULAR POWER SPECTRUM OF EG BACKGROUND

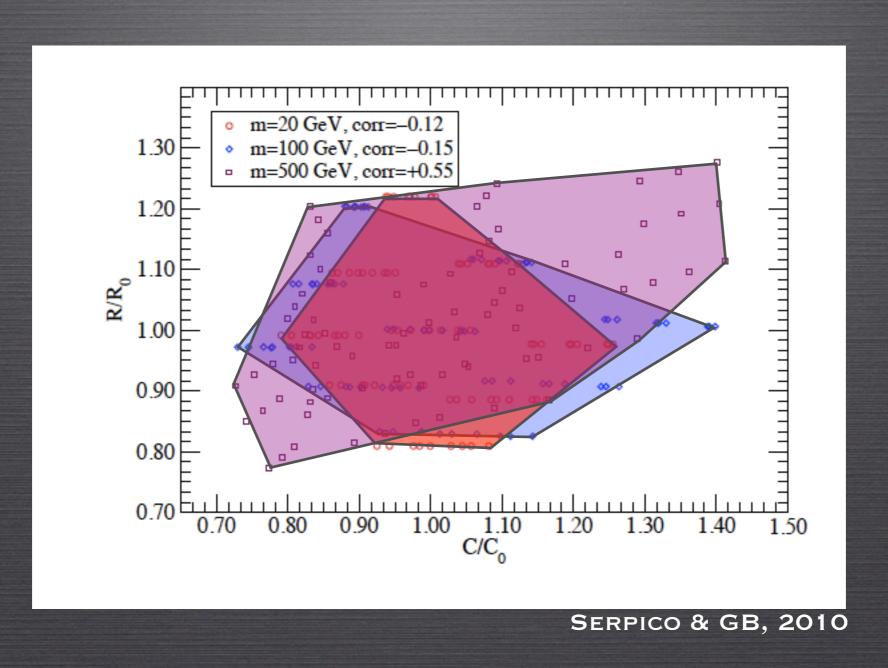
ANDO & KOMATSU 2006, ANDO ET AL. 2007; SIEGAL-GASKINS 2008; FORNASA, GB ET AL. 2008 FERMI GUEST INVESTIGATOR GRANT!

PROSPECTS FOR DETECTING NEUTRINOS FROM SUSY DM ANNIHILATIONS IN THE SUN



EVEN IN CASE OF DETECTION, THE PRECISE DETERMINATION OF DM WILL BE A TRICKY ISSUE

INDIRECT NEUTRINO SIGNALS VIS-A-VIS DIRECT DETECTION RECOIL RATES



CONCLUSIONS

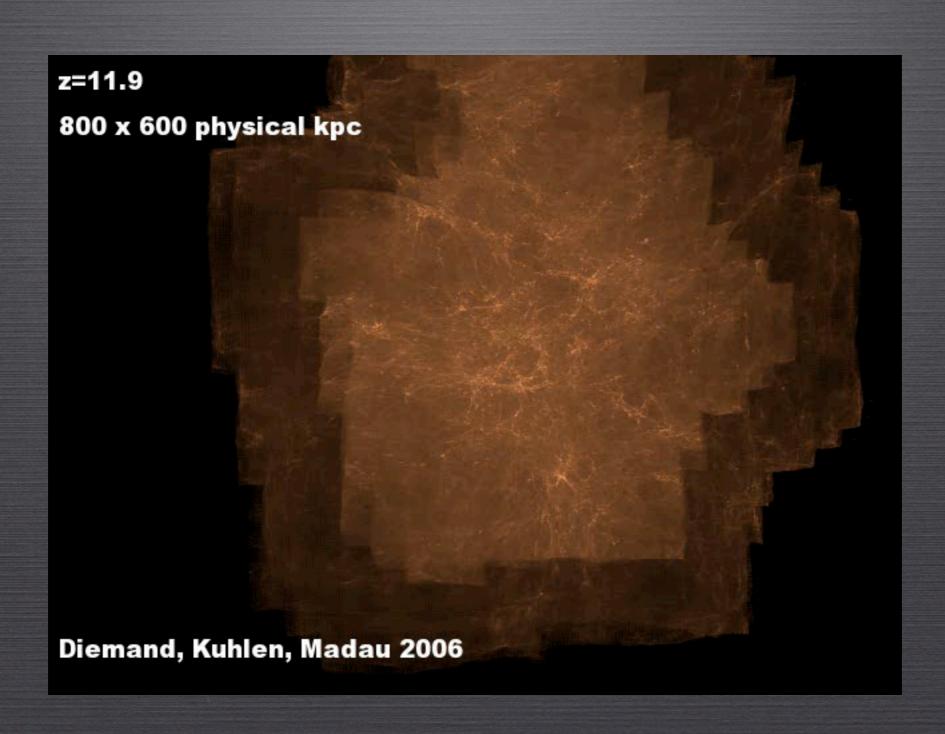
- HUGE THEORETICAL AND EXPERIMENTAL EFFORT TOWARDS THE IDENTIFICATION OF DM
- •LHC is running! Exciting times ahead, but direct and indirect searches likely necessary to identify DM
- •DM DIRECT DETECTION LOOKS PROMISING, BUT INFO FROM OTHER EXPS. IS NEEDED TO DETERMINE DM PARAMETERS
- •DM Indirect Detection more and more constrained, but detection still possible
- •WE NEED DATA! IN ~5 YRS. DISCOVERY OF WIMPS OR PARADIGM SHIFT..

DERIVING EXCLUSION PLOTS

I. TAKE A NUMERICAL SIMULATION

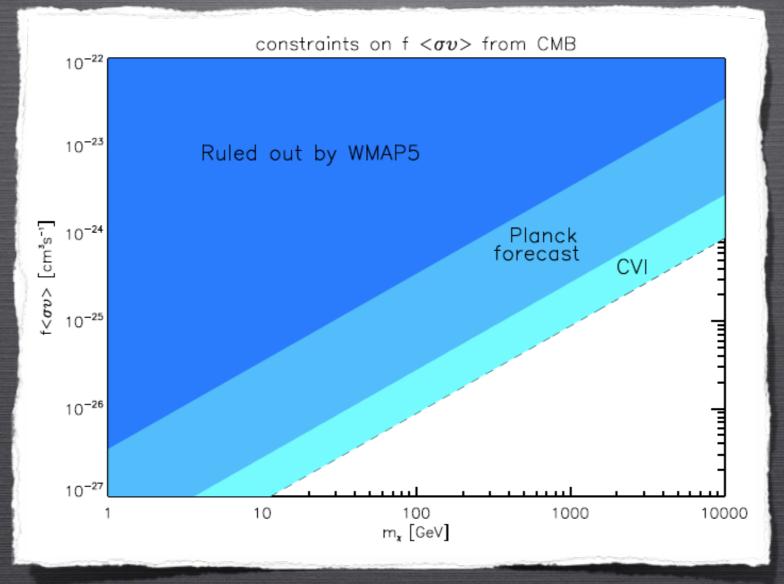
DERIVING EXCLUSION PLOTS

I. TAKE A NUMERICAL SIMULATION



CONSTRAINTS FROM CMB

ON THE ANN. CROSS SECTION AT RECOMBINATION, I.E. V/C~10⁻⁸
(CFR. TALKS BY IOCCO AND HECTOR ON MONDAY)

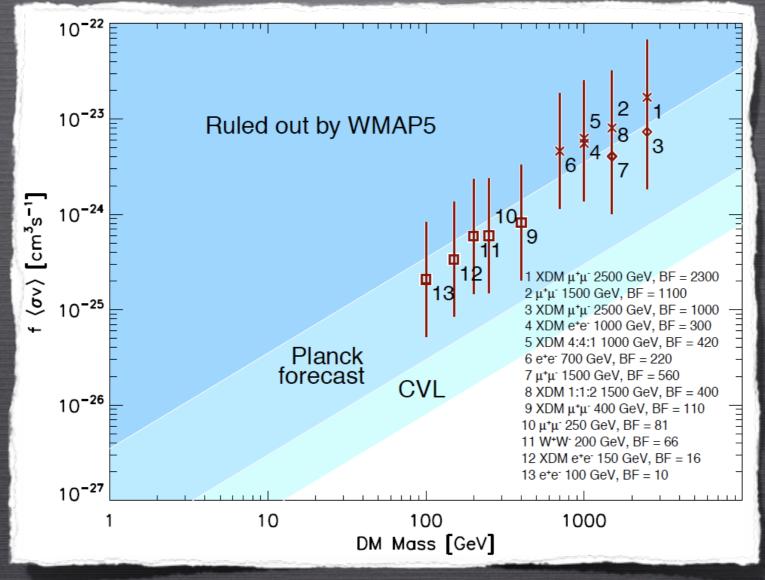


GALLI, IOCCO, GB, MELCHIORRI 2009

The interaction of secondary particle from DM annihilation with the thermal gas can 1: ionize it, 2: induce Ly- α excitation of the hydrogen and 3: heat the plasma. The first two modify the evolution of the free electron fraction xe, the third affects the temperature of baryons.

CONSTRAINTS FROM CMB

ON THE ANN. CROSS SECTION AT RECOMBINATION, I.E. V/C~10-8



SLATYER, PADMANABHAN, FINKBEINER 2009

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