

$$\rho_B \quad A \times A \quad T=0$$

$$k_F \sim (3\pi^2 \rho_B)^{1/3}$$

$$\rho_B = \rho_0 \quad T_F = \frac{k_F^2}{2m} \sim 25 \text{ MeV} \sim 10^{11} \text{ K}$$

$$T \sim 10^9 \div 10^{10}$$

$$P = P(n_B) \Rightarrow e = \frac{E(n_B)}{N_B}$$

$$P = - \left(\frac{\partial E}{\partial V} \right)_{N_B} = N_B^2 \frac{\partial e}{\partial N_B}$$

$$\boxed{e(n_B)}$$

$$H = \sum_{i=1}^{N_B} \frac{p_i^2}{2m} + \sum_{j>i=1}^{N_B} \underbrace{V_{ij}}_{\text{red circle}} + \dots$$

$$\bullet \frac{B}{A} \sim \text{const} \quad A > 16 \Rightarrow V(r > r_0) \sim 0$$



$$\bullet \rho_{ch}(r=0) \sim \text{independent of } A$$

$$V(r < r_c) \gg 0$$

$$1957 \text{ Yukawa} \quad r_0 \sim 10^{-13} \text{ cm} = 1 \text{ fm}$$

$$\dots \sim \dots$$

Pione $m \approx 10 \approx \text{auw nur}$
 $m_\pi \sim 140 \text{ MeV}$ $\pi^0 \pi^\pm$ $J^+ = 0^-$

$$\mathcal{L} = \bar{\Psi}(i\not{\partial} - m)\Psi + \boxed{ig\bar{\Psi}\gamma^5 \vec{t}\Psi \vec{\pi}}$$

$$\Psi = \begin{pmatrix} p \\ n \end{pmatrix} \quad \vec{\pi} = \begin{pmatrix} \pi_1 \\ \pi_2 \\ \pi_3 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{aligned} \pi_1 &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\pi^+ + i\pi^0) \\ &\dots \\ \pi_3 &= \pi^0 \end{aligned}$$



$$\sim \langle N_1' N_2' | \psi | N_1 N_2 \rangle$$

$$V \sim \frac{e^{-m_\pi r}}{r}$$

$$N_1 + N_2 \rightarrow N_1' + N_2'$$

$$\alpha \sim \frac{e^2}{4\pi} \sim \frac{1}{137} \quad \frac{g^2}{4\pi} \approx 14$$

$${}^2H \quad \underbrace{pn} \quad p: |\uparrow\rangle \quad n: |\downarrow\rangle$$

$$|pp\rangle = |\uparrow\uparrow\rangle \quad T=1$$

$$|nn\rangle = |\downarrow\downarrow\rangle \quad T=1$$

$$\Rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{l} T=1 \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|pn\rangle + |np\rangle) \\ T=0 \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|pn\rangle - |np\rangle) \end{array} \right] \leftarrow$$

$$S=1 \quad \boxed{T=0 \quad S=1}$$

$$E_d = (m_p + m_p - M_D) \approx 2.2 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\frac{E_d}{M_D} \sim 10^{-3}$$

$$\sum_{ST} v_{ST}(r) \tilde{P}_T P_S = \sum_{i=1}^4 v^{(i)}(r) O_1^{(i)}$$

$$P_{S=0} = \frac{1}{4} [1 - (\vec{\sigma}_1 \cdot \vec{\sigma}_2)]$$

$$P_{S=1} = \frac{1}{4} [3 + (\vec{\sigma}_1 \cdot \vec{\sigma}_2)]$$

$$Q_D \neq 0$$

$$\sum_{i=5}^6 v^{(i)}(r_{12}) O_{12}^{(i)}$$

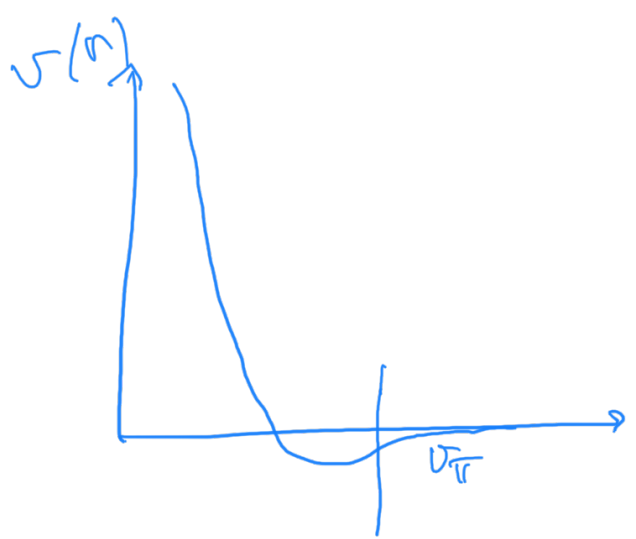
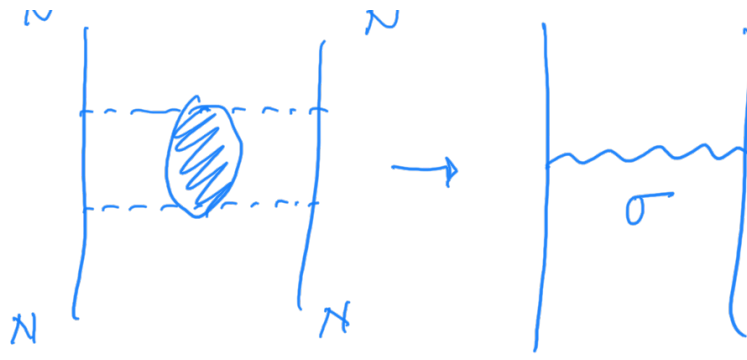
$$O_{12}^{(5)} = \frac{3}{r_{12}^2} (\vec{\sigma}_1 \cdot \vec{r}_{12}) (\vec{\sigma}_2 \cdot \vec{r}_{12}) - (\vec{\sigma}_1 \cdot \vec{\sigma}_2)$$

$$O_{12}^{(6)} = O_{12}^{(5)} (\vec{L}_1 \cdot \vec{L}_2)$$

$$S=0 \quad O_{12}^{(5)} = 0$$

$$V_{12} = \sum_{i=1}^6 v^{(i)}(r_{12}) O_{12}^{(i)}$$

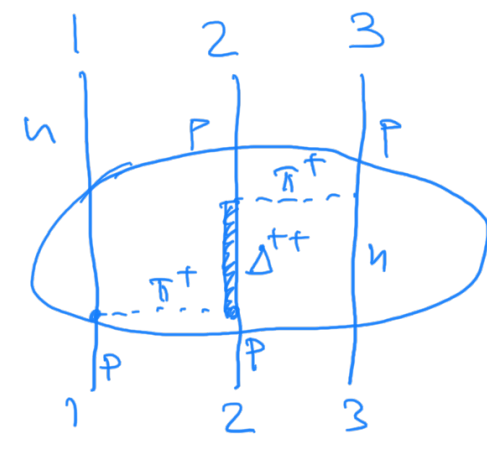
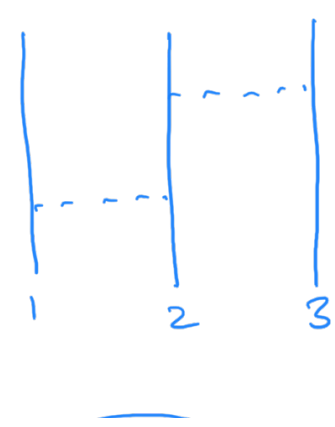
$$v(r_{12}) \xrightarrow{r_{12} \rightarrow \infty} v_{\text{OPE}}(r_{12})$$



Angular V_{18}

$$\sum_{i=1}^{18} V^{(i)}(r_{12}) O_{12}^{(i)}$$

P	$i = 7, 8$	$(\vec{l} \cdot \vec{s}) [1, (\vec{r}_1 \vec{r}_2)]$
$i = 8, 14$	$L^2 [1, (\vec{r}_1 \vec{r}_2)]$	$(L S)^2 [1, (\vec{r}_1 \vec{r}_2)]$
	...	
$i = 15, 18$	charge-symmetry breaking	



($\uparrow\uparrow\downarrow$)

$$P + \pi^+ \rightarrow \Delta^{++} \rightarrow P + \pi^+$$

$$H = \underbrace{\sum \frac{p^2}{2m} + \sum \sigma_{ij}}_{H_0} + \sum V_{ijk}$$

$$A = 2$$

$$A = 3$$

$$H_0 |\psi_{3\text{ff}}\rangle = E_0 |\psi_{3\text{ff}}\rangle$$

$$|E_0| \leq |E_3|$$